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1635 August 1, 1913

measles may be readmitted immediately after the termination of the disease on presenting a written permit from the board of health, signed by its chairman, its physician, or its agent; and that in all families where there are children who are sick with measles the children in these families who have had measles may attend school.

No pupil who by reason of this rule has been debarred from school attendance shall be admitted to any school in this city without a written permit from the board of health, signed by its chairman, its physician, or its agent.

RULE 34. The principal of any school upon the receipt of information that a pupil under his charge has visited a household where at the time of such visit any of the diseases enumerated in Rule 33 existed shall immediately notify the board of health.

Rule 35. Whenever any child is absent from school on account of illness the principal, if he has reason to suspect that the child is suffering from a contagious disease, shall exclude from school all pupils from such household and notify the board of health. Any teacher when sending a pupil to the home of another pupil shall forbid him to enter the house to which he is sent. (This is to prevent him from inadvertently exposing himself to a contagious disease.)

Extract from section 6, chapter 44, Revised Laws: "A child who has not been vaccinated shall not be admitted to a public school except upon presentation of a certificate signed by a regular practicing physician that he is not a fit subject for vaccination."

Vaccination. (Reg. B. of H., May 28, 1912.)

Chapter 75, section 136, Revised Laws: "A parent or guardian who neglects to cause his child or ward to be vaccinated before the child or ward attains the age of two years, * * * shall forfeit \$5 for every year during which such neglect continues."

Chapter 75, section 137, Revised Laws: "The board of health of a city or town if, in its opinion, it is necessary for the public health or safety shall require and enforce the vaccination and revaccination of all the inhabitants thereof and shall provide them with the means of free vaccination. Whoever, being over 21 years of age and not under guardianship, refuses or neglects to comply with such requirements, shall forfeit \$5."

Communicable Diseases—Funerals—Shipment and Burial of Bodies. (Reg. Bd. of H. May 28, 1912.)

Rule 36. It shall be the duty of the undertaker or other person having charge of the funeral or burial of the dead body of a person within said city, who has died of Asiatic cholera, yellow fever, typhus fever, smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, or membranous croup to keep such funeral strictly private and to permit no person other than members of the family of the deceased who are at the time residents at the place of death, and the officiating clergyman to be present thereat; and to convey such dead body directly from the place of death to the place of burial and in no other vehicle than a hearse, and the funeral to take place within 24 hours after death.

Rule 37 (a). It shall be the duty of the undertaker, or of any other person or persons within said city who shall have charge of the burial or shipment, or of the preparation for the burial or the shipment of the dead body of any person who has died of any contagious disease to observe and obey the following rules and regulations embodied in this section:

The dead body of any person who has died of any contagious or infectious disease shall be thoroughly disinfected, and shall not be exposed to the view of any person who is not necessarily engaged in the preparation of the same for burial.

The dead body of any person who has died of any contagious or infectious disease shall not be placed or kept in any receiving vault in any cemetery or burying ground,

unless such dead body shall be first inclosed in a hermetically sealed zinc-lined or other metallic casket.

No dead body of any person who has died of Asiatic cholera, yellow fever, typhus fever, or smallpox shall be shipped or carried into or from said city by any means of conveyance whatsoever.

In preparing for shipment the dead body of any person who has died of scarlet fever, diphtheria, or membranous croup, the said body shall be wrapped in a sheet saturated either with a solution of bichloride of mercury of a strength of one part in two thousands, or with a solution of carbolic acid of the strength of one part in forty. The said body shall then be inclosed in a tightly sealed casket, and said casket shall be placed in a zinc-lined or a tin-lined box hermetically sealed.

Rule 37 (b). The body of any person who has died of any contagious disease except Asiatic cholera, yellow fever, typhus fever, or smallpox, when taken directly from the place of death to the grave must be completely wrapped in absorbent cotton and then wrapped in a sheet saturated with a solution of bichloride of mercury 1:2,000; all inclosed in a tightly sealed casket.

Cemeteries. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 28, 1912.)

Rule 38. It shall be the duty of every superintendent of a cemetery, or other person in charge of any cemetery or burying ground within the city, to receive the permits issued for burials in said cemetery or burying ground; to preserve the same and to furnish to the board of health of said city, upon Monday of each week, a written report, upon blank forms to be furnished upon application by said board of all burials made or caused to be made by him.

RULE 39. Any grave in which any dead body shall be buried within this city shall be dug to a depth of not less than 5 feet below the surface of the ground.

Rule 40. No new cemetery, burying ground, vault or tomb for the reception and burial of human bodies shall be established within this city, or under the control of any organization within said city, without a permit so to do first being granted by the board of health of said city. No additions shall be made to those already in use without the same authority.

Offensive Trades, Regulation of. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 28, 1912.)

Rule 41. No person, company, firm or corporation shall erect or maintain any manufactory or place of business within this city which is dangerous to life or detrimental to health, or where unwholesome, offensive, or deleterious odors, gas, smoke, deposit, or exhalations are generated, except in such places as are allowed by the board of health. All such establishments shall be kept clean and wholesome, nor shall any offensive or deleterious waste substance be allowed to accumulate upon the premises or be thrown or allowed to run into any public waters, stream, watercourse, street, or public place.

Rule 42. All licenses granted by the board of health may be revoked at the discretion of said board.

Distribution of Samples of Medicines. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 28, 1912.)

Rule 43. No person shall distribute, or cause to be distributed, from house to house on any street in this city, any package or bottles containing free samples of any medicinal substances, or substances for household use, except by permission of the board of health.

Barbers and Barber Shops. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 28, 1912.)

Rule 44. The place of business, together with all the furniture, shall be kept at all times in a cleanly condition.

Mugs, shaving brushes, and razors shall be sterilized in boiling water after every separate use thereof.

A separate clean towel shall be used for each person.